A group of monarch butterflies migrated from Chicago, Illinois, to Michoacán, Mexico, flying a total of 2,100 miles. It took a single butterfly in the group 120 days to travel this route one way. On average, how many miles did the butterfly travel per day?

- A. 0.057
- B. 0.729
- C. 17.5
- D. 24

Choice C is correct. If the butterfly traveled 2,100 miles in 120 days, then it traveled, on average, $\frac{2,100 \text{ miles}}{120 \text{ days}} = 17.5 \text{ miles per day}.$

Choice A is incorrect. This is approximately the average amount of time, in days, it took the butterfly to fly one mile: $\frac{120 \text{ days}}{2,100 \text{ miles}} = 0.057 \text{ days per mile.}$ Choice B is incorrect and may result

from an arithmetic error. Choice D is incorrect. This is the number of hours in a day rather than the number of miles flown per day.

Question Difficulty: Easy

A chemistry experiment requires three beakers containing different amounts, in milliliters (mL), of a saline solution. The three beakers contain 120 mL, 340 mL, and 275 mL of solution, respectively. What is the approximate total number of ounces of saline solution contained in the three beakers? (Use 1 ounce = 29.5735 milliliters.)

- A. 15.55
- B. 20.80
- C. 21.74
- D. 24.85

Choice D is correct. The total amount, in milliliters (mL), of saline solution in the beakers is 120 + 340 + 275 = 735 mL. Converting to ounces yields $(735 \text{ mL}) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ounce}}{29.5735 \text{ mL}} \right) = 24.85333$ ounces, or approximately 24.85 ounces.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from calculating the amount of saline solution in the first two beakers while omitting the amount in the third. Choice B is incorrect and may result from calculating the amount of saline solution in the second and third beakers while omitting the amount in the first. Choice C is incorrect. This is the number of liters that corresponds to 735 ounces.

Question Difficulty: Easy

$$\frac{3}{4}x + ax = 10$$

In the equation above, a is a constant. If $\chi = 24$ is the solution to the equation, what is the value of a ?

- A. $-\frac{4}{3}$
- B. $-\frac{1}{3}$
- C. $\frac{40}{99}$
- D. $\frac{7}{6}$

Choice B is correct. If x = 24 is the solution to the equation, then a must satisfy $\frac{3}{4}(24) + a(24) = 10$. Simplifying gives 18 + 24a = 10, which can be further simplified to 24a = -8, or $a = -\frac{1}{3}$.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from taking the negative reciprocal of the coefficient $\frac{3}{4}$ in the given equation. The solution when $a = -\frac{4}{3}$ is $x = -\frac{120}{7}$, which isn't the given solution. Choice C is incorrect. This is the value of x that is the solution to the equation when a = 24, not

Choice C is incorrect. This is the value of x that is the solution to the equation when a = 24, not the value of a that produces x = 24 as the solution to the equation. Choice D is incorrect and may result from adding 18 to 10 rather than subtracting 18 from 10 when solving 18 + 24a = 10 for a.

$$C = 1.6(30w + 70)$$

The formula above can be used to approximate the daily energy requirement C, in calories, of an adult dog in terms of the dog's weight w, in kilograms. Based on the formula, if a dog has a daily energy requirement of at least 1,120 calories and at most 1,216 calories, which of the following inequalities represents the range of all possible values of the dog's body weight, to the nearest tenth of a kilogram?

- A. $21.0 \le w \le 23.0$
- B. $21.9 \le w \le 23.9$
- C. $24.8 \le w \le 26.8$
- D. $25.7 \le w \le 27.7$

Choice A is correct. If a dog requires 1,120 calories per day, then the value 1,120 can be substituted for C in the given equation and its weight w must satisfy 1.120 = 1.6(30w + 70).

Expanding the right-hand side of the equation yields 1,120 = 48w + 112. This equation simplifies to 1,008 = 48w, or w = 21 kilograms. Similarly, if a dog requires 1,216 calories per day, then the value 1,216 can be substituted for C in the given equation and its weight w must satisfy 1,216 = 1.6(30w + 70). This simplifies to 1,216 = 48w + 112, or 1,104 = 48w, so w = 23 kilograms.

Therefore, if a dog requires at least 1,120 calories per day but no more than 1,216 calories per day, its approximate weight must fall between those two values, so $21 \le w \le 23$.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from neglecting to distribute the factor of 1.6 across the 70 term. Choice C is incorrect and may result from neglecting to distribute the factor of 1.6 across the 70 term and then adding 70 to the left-hand side of the equation. Choice D is incorrect and may result from adding 112 to, rather than subtracting 112 from, the left-hand side of the equation.

	2010	2050 (projected)
China (C)	1,371	1,437
India (I)	1,150	1,628
Brazil (B)	193	260
Nigeria (N)	160	299

The table above shows the population, in millions, of four countries in 2010 and the projected population of each country in 2050. If the population of each country were to increase at a constant rate from 2010 to 2050, which of the following graphs could model the populations from 2010 to 2050?



A.



B.



C.



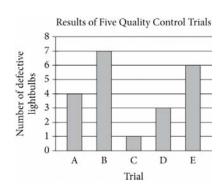
D.

Choice A is correct. All four countries have projected populations for 2050 that are greater than their respective actual populations in 2010; therefore, all four lines in the graph must have a positive slope. Additionally, Nigeria had a smaller population than Brazil in 2010 but is projected to have a greater population than Brazil in 2050, so the N and B lines must cross. Likewise, India had a smaller population than China in 2010 but is projected to have a greater population than

China in 2050, so the I and C lines must also cross. Choice A is the only choice with a graph where all the lines have positive slope, the N and B lines cross, and the I and C lines cross.

Choices B and C are incorrect. According to the table, Brazil is projected to have a larger population in 2050 than it did in 2010, but these graphs show Brazil with a smaller population in 2050 than in 2010. Choice D is incorrect. According to the table, Nigeria is projected to have a larger population than Brazil in 2050, but this graph shows Nigeria with a smaller population than Brazil in 2050.

Questions 6-8 refer to the following information.



For quality control, a company that manufactures lightbulbs conducted five different trials. In each trial, 500 different lightbulbs were tested. The bar graph above shows the number of defective lightbulbs found in each trial.

What is the mean number of defective lightbulbs for the five trials?

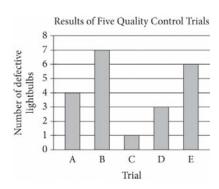
- A. 4.0
- B. 4.2
- C. 4.6
- D. 5.0

Choice B is correct. The numbers of defective lightbulbs found for the five trials are 4, 7, 1, 3, and 6, respectively. The mean is therefore $\frac{4+7+1+3+6}{5} = 4.2$.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the median number of defective lightbulbs for the five trials. Choice C is incorrect and may result from an arithmetic error. Choice D is incorrect and may result from mistaking the number of trials for the number of defective lightbulbs.

Question Difficulty: Easy

Questions 6-8 refer to the following information.



For quality control, a company that manufactures lightbulbs conducted five different trials. In each trial, 500 different lightbulbs were tested. The bar graph above shows the number of defective lightbulbs found in each trial.

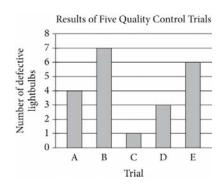
What is the ratio of the number of defective lightbulbs in Trial D to the median number of defective lightbulbs for the five trials?

- A. 1:7
- B. 1:6
- C. 3:5
- D. 3:4

Choice D is correct. The numbers of defective lightbulbs found for the five trials are 4, 7, 1, 3, and 6, respectively. Ordered from least to greatest, the numbers are 1, 3, 4, 6, and 7. The middle value of these is 4, so that is the median. According to the bar graph, there were 3 defective lightbulbs in Trial D, so the ratio of defective lightbulbs to the median is 3:4.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the ratio of the least number of defective lightbulbs in a single trial to the greatest number of defective lightbulbs in a single trial. Choice B is incorrect. This is the ratio of the number of defective lightbulbs in Trial C to the number in Trial E. Choice C is incorrect. This is the ratio of the number of defective lightbulbs in Trial D to the number of trials.

Questions 6-8 refer to the following information.



For quality control, a company that manufactures lightbulbs conducted five different trials. In each trial, 500 different lightbulbs were tested. The bar graph above shows the number of defective lightbulbs found in each trial.

In Trial B, what percent of the lightbulbs were defective?

- A. 0.70%
- B. 0.84%
- C. 1.40%
- D. 7.00%

Choice C is correct. Each trial involved 500 lightbulbs. In Trial B, 7 lightbulbs were defective. Therefore, the fraction of lightbulbs that were defective is $\frac{7}{500} = 0.014$, or 1.40%.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from calculating the percent using 1,000 instead of 500 as the denominator. Choice B is incorrect. This is the percent of defective lightbulbs across all five trials. Choice D is incorrect and may result from mistaking the number of defective lightbulbs in Trial B for the percent.

On a certain day, an air traffic controller determined the number of airplanes that took off from runway M was 3 times the number that took off from runway Q. And on that day, a total of 120 airplanes took off from the two runways. If m and q represent the number of airplanes that took off from runways M and Q, respectively, which of the following systems of equations models the situation?

A.
$$m = 3q$$

 $m + q = 120$

B.
$$3m = q$$

 $m+q = 120$

C.
$$m = q$$

 $m + q = 120$

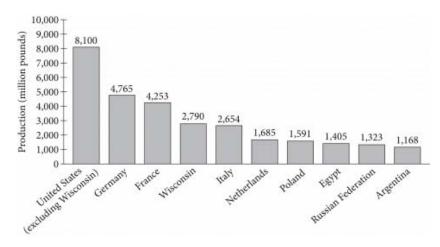
D.
$$3m = q$$

 $m + 3q = 120$

Choice A is correct. It's given that the number of planes that took off from runways M and Q are represented by m and q, respectively. If 3 times as many planes took off from runway M as from runway Q, then m = 3q. The total number of planes that took off from runways M and Q combined was 120, so m + q = 120. Choice A includes both of these equations.

Choices B and D are incorrect. Both choices include the equation 3m = q, which represents a situation where 3 times as many planes took off from runway Q as from runway M. Choice C is incorrect. This choice includes the equation m = q, which represents a situation where the same number of planes took off from runways M and Q.

Questions 10 and 11 refer to the following information.



The bar graph above shows information from 2012 on the production of cheese in Wisconsin and comparative production figures for the nine top cheese-producing countries.

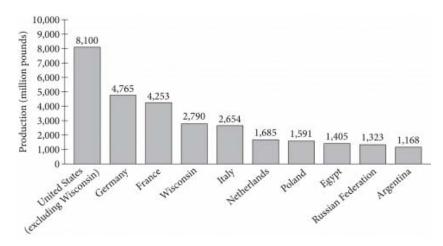
In 2012, Wisconsin produced 951,571,000 pounds of mozzarella cheese. Which of the following is closest to the percent of Wisconsin cheese production that was mozzarella? (1 million = 1,000,000)

- A. 15%
- B. 22%
- C. 34%
- D. 42%

Choice C is correct. According to the bar graph, Wisconsin's total cheese production in 2012 was 2,790,000,000 pounds. It's given that 951,571,000 pounds of mozzarella were produced in Wisconsin in 2012. Therefore, the fraction of the total production that was mozzarella was $\frac{951,571,000}{2,790,000,000} = 0.34106..., \text{ which rounds to 0.34, or 34\%}.$

Choices A, B, and D are incorrect and may result from misreading Wisconsin's total cheese production from the bar graph or making a calculation error.

Questions 10 and 11 refer to the following information.



The bar graph above shows information from 2012 on the production of cheese in Wisconsin and comparative production figures for the nine top cheese-producing countries.

Of the following, which best approximates the ratio of the cheese production in the United States (excluding Wisconsin) to that in Wisconsin in 2012?

- A. 1:3
- B. 2:5
- C. 5:2
- D. 3:1

Choice D is correct. According to the bar graph, the total cheese production in the United States (excluding Wisconsin) was 8,100 million pounds, while the total production in Wisconsin was 2,790 million pounds. The ratio is therefore 8,100:2,790. The fraction $\frac{8,100}{2,790}$ reduces to

approximately 2.903, which rounds to 3, so the ratio can be approximated as 3:1.

Choice A is incorrect and results from computing the approximate ratio of cheese production in Wisconsin to that in the United States, not the reverse. Choices B and C are incorrect and may result from misreading Wisconsin's total cheese production from the bar graph.

The table below shows the number of state parks in a certain state that contain camping facilities and bicycle paths.

Has bicycle paths Does not have bicycle paths

Has camping facilities 20 5
Does not have camping facilities 8 4

If one of these state parks is selected at random, what is the probability that it has camping facilities but does not have bicycle paths?

- A. $\frac{5}{37}$
- B. $\frac{5}{25}$
- C. $\frac{8}{28}$
- D. $\frac{5}{9}$

Choice A is correct. The total number of state parks in the state is 20+5+8+4=37. According to the table, 5 of these have camping facilities but not bicycle paths. Therefore, if a state park is selected at random, the probability that it has camping facilities but not bicycle paths is $\frac{5}{37}$.

Choice B is incorrect. This is the probability that a state park selected at random from the state parks with camping facilities does not have bicycle paths. Choice C is incorrect. This is the probability that a state park selected at random from the state parks with bicycle paths does not have camping facilities. Choice D is incorrect. This is the probability that a state park selected at random from the state parks without bicycle paths does have camping facilities.

The results of two independent surveys are shown in the table below.

Men's Height

Group Sample size Mean (centimeters) Standard deviation (centimeters)

A 2,500 186 12.5 B 2,500 186 19.1

Which statement is true based on the table?

- A. The Group A data set was identical to the Group B data set.
- B. Group B contained the tallest participant.

C.

The heights of the men in Group B had a larger spread than the heights of the men in Group A.

D. The median height of Group B is larger than the median height of Group A.

Choice C is correct. Standard deviation is a measure of spread, so data sets with larger standard deviations tend to have larger spread. The standard deviation of the heights of the men in Group B is larger than the standard deviation of the heights of the men in Group A. Therefore, the heights of the men in Group B had a larger spread than the heights of the men in Group A.

Choice A is incorrect. If two data sets are identical, they will have equivalent means and equivalent standard deviations. Since the two data sets have different standard deviations, they cannot be identical. Choice B is incorrect. Without knowing the maximum value for each data set, it's impossible to know which group contained the tallest participant. Choice D is incorrect. Since the means of the two groups are equivalent, the medians could also be the same or could be different, but it's impossible to tell from the given information.

$$p(m) = 2m + 8$$

The function p above models the total price p(m), in dollars, of streaming m movies per month from an online movie subscription service. The subscription service charges an \$8 monthly fee plus an additional fee per movie streamed. Which of the following is the best interpretation of p(10) in this context?

- A. The total price for streaming 1 movie in a month is \$10.
- B. The total price for streaming 2 movies in a month is \$10.
- C. When 10 movies are streamed in a month, the total price that month is \$18.
- D. When 10 movies are streamed in a month, the total price that month is \$28.

Choice D is correct. The expression p(10) refers to the value of p when m = 10. Since p(m) is the price of streaming m movies per month, p(10) is the price when 10 movies are streamed in a month. Substituting these values into the given function p(m) yields p(10) = 2(10) + 8, which simplifies to 28. Therefore, the interpretation of the expression p(10) is that when 10 movies are streamed in a month, the total price that month is \$28.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the interpretation of the equation p(1) = 10. Choice B is incorrect and may result from making a calculation error and interpreting the equation p(2) = 10. Choice C is incorrect and may result from ignoring the coefficient of 2 when evaluating p(10).

$$\frac{4x}{2(x^2-1)} - \frac{3x}{3(x^2-1)}$$

Which of the following is equivalent to the expression above for $x \neq -1$ and $x \neq 1$?

- A. $\frac{1}{6(x-1)}$
- B. $\frac{x}{6(x^2-1)}$
- C. $\frac{1}{x-1}$
- D. $\frac{x}{x^2-1}$

Choice D is correct. Multiplying the first fraction by $\frac{3}{3}$ and multiplying the second fraction by $\frac{2}{2}$

results in both fractions having a common denominator:

$$\frac{4x}{2(x^2-1)} - \frac{3x}{3(x^2-1)} = \frac{(3)(4x)}{(3)(2)(x^2-1)} - \frac{(2)(3x)}{(2)(3)(x^2-1)}.$$
 Simplifying yields
$$\frac{12x}{6(x^2-1)} - \frac{6x}{6(x^2-1)} = \frac{6x}{6(x^2-1)}.$$
 Reducing this fraction then yields $\frac{x}{x^2-1}$.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from misreading a term in the denominator as $(x^2 - x)$ and

from neglecting to cancel the factor of 6 in the denominator. Choice B is incorrect and may result from neglecting to cancel the factor of 6 in the denominator. Choice C is incorrect and may result from misreading a term in the denominator as $(x^2 - x)$.

In the xy-plane, line I contains the points (2,6) and (8,10). Which of the following is an equation of line I?

A.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{14}{3}$$

B.
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$$

C.
$$y = 2x + 6$$

D.
$$y = 8x + 10$$

Choice A is correct. Given two points on a line, (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , the slope of the line can be calculated as $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$. Therefore, the slope of line I is $\frac{10 - 6}{8 - 2} = \frac{4}{6}$, which simplifies to $\frac{2}{3}$. The equation for line I can thus be written in slope-intercept form as $y = \frac{2}{3}x + b$ for some value of b.

The value of b can be found by substituting the x- and y-values of one of the given points into the equation. So $6 = \frac{2}{3}(2) + b$, which solves to $b = \frac{14}{3}$. Substituting this value into the slope-intercept form of the equation gives $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{14}{3}$.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from reversing x and y when calculating the slope. Choice C is incorrect and may result from using the x- and y-coordinates of the first given point as the slope and constant, respectively, in the equation. Choice D is incorrect and may result from using the x- and y-coordinates of the second given point as the slope and constant, respectively, in the

Question Difficulty: Hard

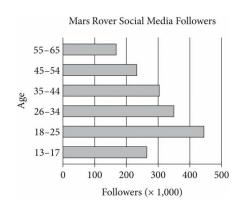
equation.

If $x \neq 0$, which of the following expressions is equivalent to $\frac{\sqrt{16x^4y^8}}{x^3}$?

- A. $8x^2y^4$
- B. $4xy^4$
- C. $4x^{-2}v^2$
- D. $4x^{-1}y^4$

Choice D is correct. Taking the square root of an exponential expression halves the exponent, so $\frac{\sqrt{16x^4y^8}}{x^3} = \frac{4x^2y^4}{x^3}$, which further reduces to $\frac{4y^4}{x}$. This can be rewritten as $4x^{-1}y^4$.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from neglecting the denominator of the given expression and from incorrectly calculating the square root of 16. Choice B is incorrect and may result from rewriting $\frac{1}{x}$ as x^1 rather than x^{-1} . Choice C is incorrect and may result from taking the square root of the variables in the numerator twice instead of once.



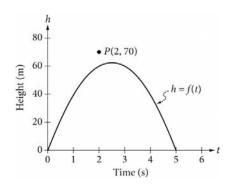
The total number of followers of a Mars rover's social media account is 1,764,000, as summarized by age in the graph above. Which of the following could be the median age of the followers?

- A. 37
- B. 29
- C. 20
- D. 16

Choice B is correct. Half of 1,764,000 is 882,000, so the median age is equal to the age of the 882,000th follower when all the followers are ordered by age. According to the graph, about 260,000 followers are ages 13–17, and about 440,000 followers are ages 18–25, so about 700,000 followers are ages 13–25. Therefore, the median age of the followers must be greater than 25. About 350,000 followers are ages 26–34, so about 1,050,000 followers are ages 13–34. Therefore, the median age of the followers must be less than or equal to 34. The only choice given that is greater than 25 but less than or equal to 34 is 29.

Choice A is incorrect. According to the graph, about 710,000 followers are ages 35–65, and 710,000 < 882,000, so the median age of the followers must be less than 35. Choice C is incorrect and may result from choosing a value that falls into the age grouping with the greatest number of followers. Choice D is incorrect and may result from choosing a value that falls into the youngest age grouping.

The height, in meters, of a golf ball t seconds after it was hit is given by the function $f(t) = at^2 + bt + c$, where a, b, and c are constants. The graph of f is shown below.

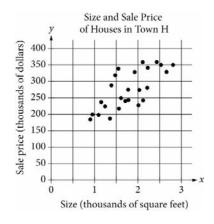


The point P(2,70) represents the height of a bird at a given point in time. Which of the following expressions correctly compares the height of the ball and the height of the bird at that point in time?

- A. f(70) > 2
- B. f(70) < 2
- C. f(2) > 70
- D. f(2) < 70

Choice D is correct. The function graphed in the th-plane is f(t), and at point P, t = 2 and h = 70. Therefore, the comparison should involve f(2). At f(2), the graph of h = f(t) lies below 70, so f(2) must be less than 70. Therefore, f(2) < 70.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from confusing the t- and h-values of point P and reversing the inequality. Choice B is incorrect and may result from confusing the t- and h-values of point P. Choice C is incorrect and may result from reversing the inequality.



The scatterplot above shows the size x and the sale price y of 25 houses for sale in Town H. Which of the following could be an equation for a line of best fit for the data?

- A. y = 200x + 100
- B. y = 100x + 100
- C. y = 50x + 100
- D. y = 100x

Choice B is correct. From the shape of the cluster of points, the line of best fit should pass roughly through the points (1,200) and (2.5,350). Therefore, these two points can be used to find an approximate equation for the line of best fit. The slope of this line of best fit is therefore $\frac{y_2-y_1}{x_2-x_1} = \frac{350-200}{2.5-1}$, or 100. The equation for the line of best fit, in slope-intercept form, is y = 100x + b for some value of b. Using the point (1,200), 1 can be substituted for x and 200 can be substituted for y: 200 = 100(1) + b, or b = 100. Substituting this value into the slope-intercept form of the equation gives y = 100x + 100.

Choice A is incorrect. The line defined by y = 200x + 100 passes through the points (1,300) and (2,500), both of which are well above the cluster of points, so it cannot be a line of best fit. Choice C is incorrect. The line defined by y = 50x + 100 passes through the points (1,150) and (2,200), both of which lie at the bottom of the cluster of points, so it cannot be a line of best fit. Choice D is incorrect and may result from correctly calculating the slope of a line of best fit but incorrectly assuming the y-intercept is at (0,0).

Trisha and Stacy each work at their own constant rate, whether they work alone or work together. If working alone, Trisha can finish a job 15 minutes faster than Stacy can. The equation $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+15} = \frac{1}{18}$ can be used to find the time x, in minutes, it takes Trisha to finish the job

working alone. Which of the following is the best interpretation of the number 18 in the equation?

- A. The number of minutes it takes Trisha to finish the job working alone
- B. The number of minutes it takes Stacy to finish the job working alone
- C. The number of minutes it takes both of them to finish the job working together
- D.

The sum of the number of minutes it takes Trisha and the number of minutes it takes Stacy to each finish the job working alone

Choice C is correct. Since x is the time, in minutes, it takes Trisha to finish the job working alone, and Stacy takes 15 minutes longer than Trisha, the time it takes Stacy to finish the job working alone is x + 15 minutes. Therefore, the reciprocals of those times, $\frac{1}{x}$ and $\frac{1}{x + 15}$, represent the

fraction of the job Trisha and Stacy, respectively, can each finish in a minute. The sum of those two reciprocals is thus the fraction of the job the two of them can finish in a minute when they work together. Since it's given that the sum of the two reciprocals is $\frac{1}{18}$, they can finish $\frac{1}{18}$ of

the job in one minute when they work together. Therefore, they can finish the entire job in 18 minutes when working together. The best interpretation of 18 in the equation is the number of minutes it takes both of them to finish the job working together.

Choice A is incorrect. This is represented by x in the equation. Choice B is incorrect. This is represented by x + 15 in the equation. Choice D is incorrect and may result from assuming that the time it takes Stacy and Trisha to do the job together is the same as the combined time it takes each of them to do the job alone.

If 2y = x + 40 and 3x = y + 20, what is the value of x + y?

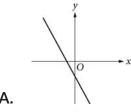
- A. 28
- B. 34
- C. 38
- D. 44

Choice D is correct. The second equation can be rewritten as y = 3x - 20. Substituting 3x - 20 for y in the first equation yields 2(3x - 20) = x + 40, which expands to 6x - 40 = x + 40. Rearranging yields 5x = 80, so x = 16. Substituting 16 for x in the rewritten second equation yields y = 3(16) - 20, so y = 28. Therefore, x + y = 16 + 28, or 44.

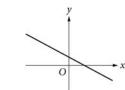
Choice A is incorrect. This is the value of y. Choice B is incorrect and may result from an arithmetic error when adding the values of x and y. Choice C is incorrect and may result from solving for y and from an arithmetic error.

$$Ax + By = C$$

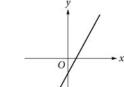
In the equation above, A, B, and C are positive constants. Which of the following could be the graph of the equation in the xy-plane?



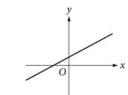
^



B.



C.



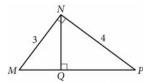
D.

Choice B is correct. The equation Ax + By = C can be rearranged as By = -Ax + C. Dividing both sides of the equation by B yields $y = -\frac{A}{B}x + \frac{C}{B}$. This is the equation of a line with slope $-\frac{A}{B}$ and a y-intercept at $\left(0, \frac{C}{B}\right)$. Since A and B are both positive, $\frac{A}{B}$ is positive and $-\frac{A}{B}$ must be negative. Therefore, the slope of the line is negative. Since B and C are both positive, $\frac{C}{B}$ must be positive, so the y-coordinate of the y-intercept of the line must be positive. The only graph of a line with a negative slope and positive y-coordinate of the y-intercept is choice B.

Choices A and C are incorrect. The y-intercept of the line represented by the equation is $\left(0, \frac{C}{B}\right)$.

Since constants C and B are both positive, the y-coordinate of the y-intercept of the line must be positive. However, the lines graphed in choices A and C both have y-intercepts with negative y-

coordinates. Choice D is incorrect. The slope of the line represented by the equation is $-\frac{A}{B}$. Since constants A and B are both positive, $-\frac{A}{B}$ must be negative. However, this graphed line has a positive slope.



In the figure above, what is the length of \overline{NQ} ?

- A. 2.2
- B. 2.3
- C. 2.4
- D. 2.5

Choice C is correct. First, \overline{MP} is the hypotenuse of right $\triangle MNP$, whose legs have lengths 3 and 4. Therefore, $(MP)^2 = 3^2 + 4^2$, so $(MP)^2 = 25$ and MP = 5. Second, because $\angle MNP$ corresponds to $\angle NQP$ and because $\angle MPN$ corresponds to $\angle NPQ$, $\triangle MNP$ is similar to $\triangle NQP$. The ratio of corresponding sides of similar triangles is constant, so $\frac{NQ}{MN} = \frac{NP}{MP}$. Since MP = 5 and it's given that MN = 3 and NP = 4, $\frac{NQ}{3} = \frac{4}{5}$. Solving for NQ results in $NQ = \frac{12}{5}$, or 2.4.

Choices A, B, and D are incorrect and may result from setting up incorrect ratios.

The table below shows the distribution of US states according to whether they have a state-level sales tax and a state-level income tax.

2013 State-Level Taxes

State sales tax No state sales tax

State income tax 39

No state income tax 6

To the nearest tenth of a percent, what percent of states with a state-level sales tax do not have a state-level income tax?

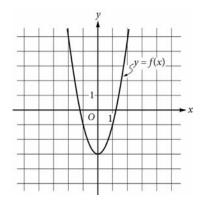
- A. 6.0%
- B. 12.0%
- C. 13.3%
- D. 14.0%

Choice C is correct. The sum of the number of states with a state-level sales tax is 39 + 6 = 45.

Of these states, 6 don't have a state-level income tax. Therefore, $\frac{6}{45} = 0.1333...$, or about

13.3%, of states with a state-level sales tax don't have a state-level income tax.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the number of states that have a state-level sales tax and no state-level income tax. Choice B is incorrect. This is the percent of states that have a state-level sales tax and no state-level income tax. Choice D is incorrect. This is the percent of states that have no state-level income tax.



The graph of f(x) is shown above. If g(x) = (x-1)(x-5), what is the value of g(0) - f(0)?

- A. 8
- B. 2
- C. 0
- D. -2

Choice A is correct. From the graph, it is evident that the graph passes through the point (0, -3). Therefore, f(0) = -3. Also, g(0) = (0-1)(0-5) = 5. Therefore, g(0) - f(0) = 5 - (-3) = 8.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from incorrectly calculating 5-(-3) as 2. Choice C is incorrect and may result from misreading the input values as output values. Choice D is incorrect and may result from incorrectly calculating 5-(-3) as -2.

$$ax + b = 3x - 4$$

In the equation above, a and b are constants. If the equation has no solution, which of the following statements <u>must</u> be true about a and b?

- A. $a \neq 3$ and $b \neq 4$
- B. a=3 and $b \neq -4$
- C. a = 3 and b = -4
- D. a = -3 and b = 4

Choice B is correct. A linear equation has no solution when the variable terms cancel out of the equation and the remaining statement is false. Rearranging the equation so the variable terms are on the left-hand side and the constant terms are on the right-hand side produces ax - 3x = -4 - b. The variable terms will cancel if a = 3. Substituting 3 for a in the rearranged equation produces 3x - 3x = -4 - b, which simplifies to 0 = -4 - b or b = -4. This equation will be true for all values of x if b = -4, and it will be false, or have no solution, when $b \neq -4$. Therefore, the original equation isn't true if a = 3 and $b \neq -4$.

Choices A and D are incorrect and may result from sign errors. Choice C is incorrect. These values will result in an equation with infinitely many solutions rather than no solution.

Genre	Percent of video game sales
Action	29%
Family	28%
Sports	32%
Strategy	6%
Other	5%

The table above shows the distribution of genres of video games sold by a gaming company in 2010. If the total number of games sold by the gaming company was 250,000, in how many of the genres were more than 40,000 games sold?

The correct answer is 3. Since a total of 250,000 games were sold, 40,000 games is equivalent to $\left(\frac{40,000}{250,000}\right)$ 100 = 16% of the games. Therefore, any genre that accounts for 16% or more of the

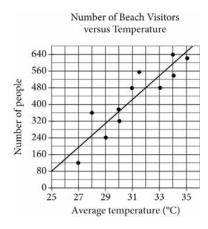
total number of games sold had more than 40,000 games sold. Action, Family, and Sports fit this condition, so 3 genres sold more than 40,000 games.

$$(x-9)(x+3) = -36$$

In the equation above, what is the value of x+3?

The correct answer is 6. Distributing the expressions in parentheses results in $x^2 - 6x - 27 = -36$. Adding 36 to both sides results in $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$. Factoring yields (x - 3)(x - 3) = 0. Setting each factor equal to 0 yields x - 3 = 0 and x - 3 = 0. Solving for x produces x = 3. Substituting 3 for x in the expression x + 3 yields 3 + 3 = 6.

Questions 30 and 31 refer to the following information.

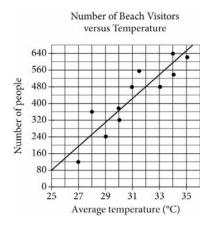


Each dot in the scatterplot above represents the temperature and the number of people who visited a beach in Lagos, Nigeria, on one of eleven different days. The line of best fit for the data is also shown.

According to the line of best fit, what is the number of people, rounded to the nearest 10, predicted to visit this beach on a day with an average temperature of 32°C?

The correct answer is 480. An average temperature of 32°C corresponds to the value 32 on the x-axis. On the line of best fit, an x-value of 32 corresponds to a y-value of 480. The values on the y-axis correspond to the number of people predicted to visit this beach. Therefore, 480 people are predicted to visit this beach on a day with an average temperature of 32°C.

Questions 30 and 31 refer to the following information.



Each dot in the scatterplot above represents the temperature and the number of people who visited a beach in Lagos, Nigeria, on one of eleven different days. The line of best fit for the data is also shown.

The line of best fit for the data has a slope of approximately 57. According to this estimate, how many additional people per day are predicted to visit the beach for each 5°C increase in average temperature?

The correct answer is 285. The number of people predicted to visit the beach each day is represented by the y-values of the line of best fit, and the average temperature, in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}$ C), is represented by the x-values. Since the slope of the line of best fit is approximately 57, the y-value, or the number of people predicted to visit the beach each day, increases by 57 for every x-value increase of 1, or every 1 $^{\circ}$ C increase in average temperature. Therefore, an increase of 5 $^{\circ}$ C in average temperature corresponds to a y-value increase of 57(5) = 285 additional people per day predicted to visit the beach.